

# Wayne National Forest

## Oil and Gas Resource Management Process

**Table 8a**

**Explanation of Standard Stipulations & Notifications  
Used in the Analysis of the 63 Tracts Available for Lease Sale.**

Stipulation #	Stipulation Text
A:2g	(No Surface Occupancy) within 50 feet of intermittent streams and 100 feet of perennial streams in order to protect stream channels, adjacent floodplains, and riparian ecosystems. Intermittent streams are delineated on the topographic map by dotted-dashed blue lines and perennial streams are delineated by solid blue lines.
A:2bg	(No Surface Occupancy) within 25 feet of ephemeral channels (ravine settings) in order to protect stream channels, riparian areas, and soil and water. Ephemerals found in ravine settings are not delineated by blue lines on a topographic map.
A:4b	(No Surface Occupancy) on slopes in excess of 55% in order to protect soil and water from erosion and mass failure hazards.
B:5h	(Controlled Surface Use) No cutting of snags (dead trees) at all, and no cutting of shagbark and shellbark hickories, and trees that are hollow, have major splits or broken tops, except during the bat hibernation season (September 15 to April 15). Such trees which are safety hazards may be cut anytime, but if cut in the nonhibernation season the Forest Service must be notified in advance and a tally kept to ensure the total number on the Wayne does not exceed 125 trees before September 2006. All of this stipulation applies only to trees over six inches in diameter.
B:7h(b)	<u>Timing Limitation:</u> Controlled Surface Use within the breeding season of the Federal Endangered Species Indiana bat (generally early-April to early August). Vegetation disturbance activities will only be permitted on a case by case basis with implementation of appropriate mitigation measures.
B:7h(c)	<u>Timing Limitation:</u> Controlled Surface Use within the breeding season of the Forest Species of Concern Sharp-shinned Hawk (generally early-May to late July). Vegetation disturbance activities should be eliminated within 150 feet of known Sharp-shinned Hawk nest sites during the nesting period (Wayne national Forest LRMP, Standards and Guidelines page 4-47).

C:7j	(Controlled Surface Use) on a case by case basis with implementation of appropriate mitigation measures found in the Wayne National Forest Plan.
C:2g	(Controlled Surface Use) within 100 feet of wetlands in order to protect the riparian area and aquatic resources. Wetlands include strip pits and open water impoundments.
B:7j	(Timing Limitation) Controlled Surface Use within 100 feet of perennial streams during spawning season (generally mid April to mid July). Soil disturbance activities will only be permitted on a case by case basis with implementation of appropriate mitigation measures found in the Wayne National Forest Plan.
C:2h	(Controlled Surface Use) within 100 feet of streams in order to protect regional sensitive aquatic species and/or forest aquatic species of concern.
C:5h	<u>Controlled Surface Use</u> : No soil disturbance where rough green snakes have been sighted, except when permitted on a case by case basis.
Notification #2	Floodplains (WOG, pg. D-7) Notification #3 Wetlands (WOG, pg. D-8)
Notification #3	Wetlands (WOG, pg. D-8)
Notification #4	Protection of Federal Endangered and Threatened Species; Regional Sensitive Species and Forest Species of Concern (WOG, pg. D-8)
Notification #6	Steep Slopes and/or Unstable Soils in (tracts that contain a considerable amount) (WOG, pg. D-9) *(Notification #8 and #6 differs by the amount of land affected by slopes/soils).
Notification #8	Steep Slopes and/or Unstable Soils in (some portions) of the tract (WOG, pg. D-10) *(Notification #8 and #6 differs by the amount of land affected by slopes/soils).